

**IN THE CLAIMS**

1 (Previously Presented). A method comprising:  
identifying a first and a second non-zero amount of dispersion in an optical system;  
applying stress to an optical medium to provide a dispersion compensation to said  
first non-zero amount of dispersion; and  
tuning the stress to compensate for said second amount of non-zero dispersion.

2 (Original). The method of claim 1 including applying stress to an optical medium  
including a photoelastic medium to generate a corrective dispersion of the opposite polarity of a  
dispersion induced in the optical medium.

3 (Original). The method of claim 2 including using a piezoelectric device to generate  
stress in an optical medium.

4 (Original). The method of claim 3 including controlling the amount of stress and  
thereby the desired dispersion compensation by controlling the voltage applied to said  
piezoelectric device.

5 (Original). The method of claim 4 including securing the photoelastic medium to said  
piezoelectric device and passing an optical signal through said photoelastic medium.

6 (Previously Presented). A method comprising:  
securing a photoelastic medium to a piezoelectric device; and  
applying a tunable voltage to the piezoelectric device to induce a tunable stress in  
said photoelastic medium appropriate to tunably correct dispersion generated in an optical system  
coupled to said photoelastic medium.

7 (Original). The method of claim 6 including controlling the voltage applied to said  
piezoelectric device to generate a dispersion of a polarity opposite to the polarity of a dispersion  
generated in said optical system.

8 (Original). The method of claim 7 including generating a corrective dispersion of substantially the same magnitude as the dispersion generated in said optical system.

9 (Previously Presented). An optical system comprising:  
an optical medium defining an optical path;  
a photoelastic material in said optical path; and  
a device to tunably stress said photoelastic medium to tunably generate a dispersion of an appropriate polarity and magnitude to correct a dispersion induced in said optical medium.

10 (Original). The system of claim 9 wherein said device is a piezoelectric actuator.

11 (Original). The system of claim 10 including a voltage source to control the amount of voltage applied to said piezoelectric actuator to enable tuning of the dispersion applied through said photoelastic medium.

12 (Previously Presented). An optical system comprising:  
an optical medium defining an optical path;  
a photoelastic material in said optical path; and  
a tunable piezoelectric device coupled to said photoelastic material to tunably apply stress to tunably correct varying levels of dispersion in said medium.

13 (Original). The system of claim 12 wherein said piezoelectric actuator is secured to said photoelastic medium.

14 (Original). The system of claim 13 including a voltage source to controllably apply potential to said piezoelectric actuator.

15 (Original). The system of claim 14 to provide a tunable magnitude and polarity of dispersion to cancel dispersion generated along said optical path by said optical medium.